



# Case Examples

## bayesDP R package

- **Analysis types**
  - Single-arm: treatment data only
  - Two-arm: treatment + control data
- **Data sources**
  - Current data
  - Historical data
- **Endpoints**
  - Binomial counts – `bdpbinomial()`
  - Normal means – `bdpnormal()`
  - Survival outcomes – `bdpsurvival()`

# Single-Arm: Binomial Count Endpoint

Similar event rates between current and historical data

- Historical data: 28 events in 450 patients
  - Historical event rate of  $28/450 \approx 0.06$
- New data: 8 events in 200 patients
  - Current event rate of  $8/200 = 0.04$
- Simply concatenating the current+historical data gives an event rate of  $(28+8)/(450+200) \approx 0.06$

```
### Estimate model via bayesDP using defaults
fit <- bdpbinomial(y_t = 8, N_t = 200,
                  y0_t = 28, N0_t = 450)
```

# Single-Arm: Binomial Count Endpoint

Similar event rates between current and historical data (cont'd)

```
> summary(fit)

One-armed bdp binomial

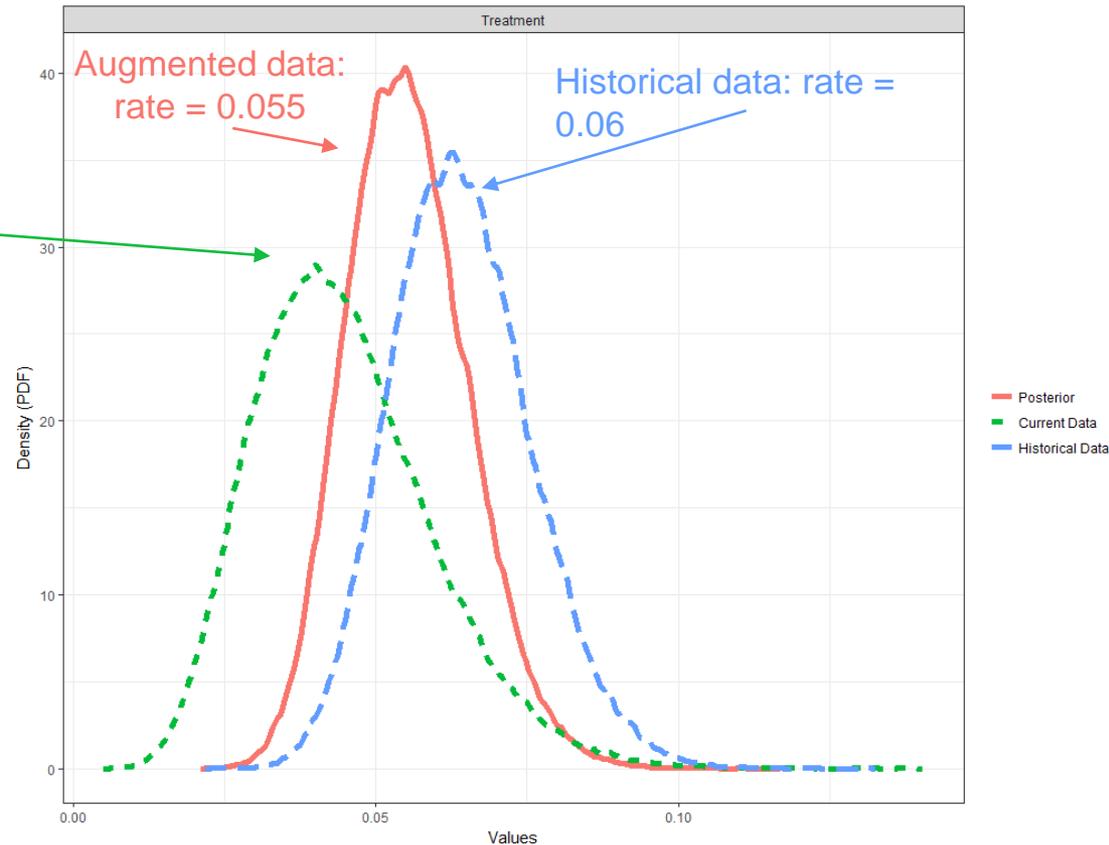
Current treatment data: 8 and 200
Historical treatment data: 28 and 450
Stochastic comparison (p_hat) - treatment (current vs. historical data): 0.8561
Discount function value (alpha) - treatment: 0.7021
95 percent confidence interval:
 0.0373  0.0764
augmented sample estimate:
probability of success
 0.0547
```

# Single-Arm: Binomial Count Endpoint

Similar event rates between current and historical data (cont'd)

```
> plot(fit,  
      type="posteriors")
```

Current data: rate =  
0.04



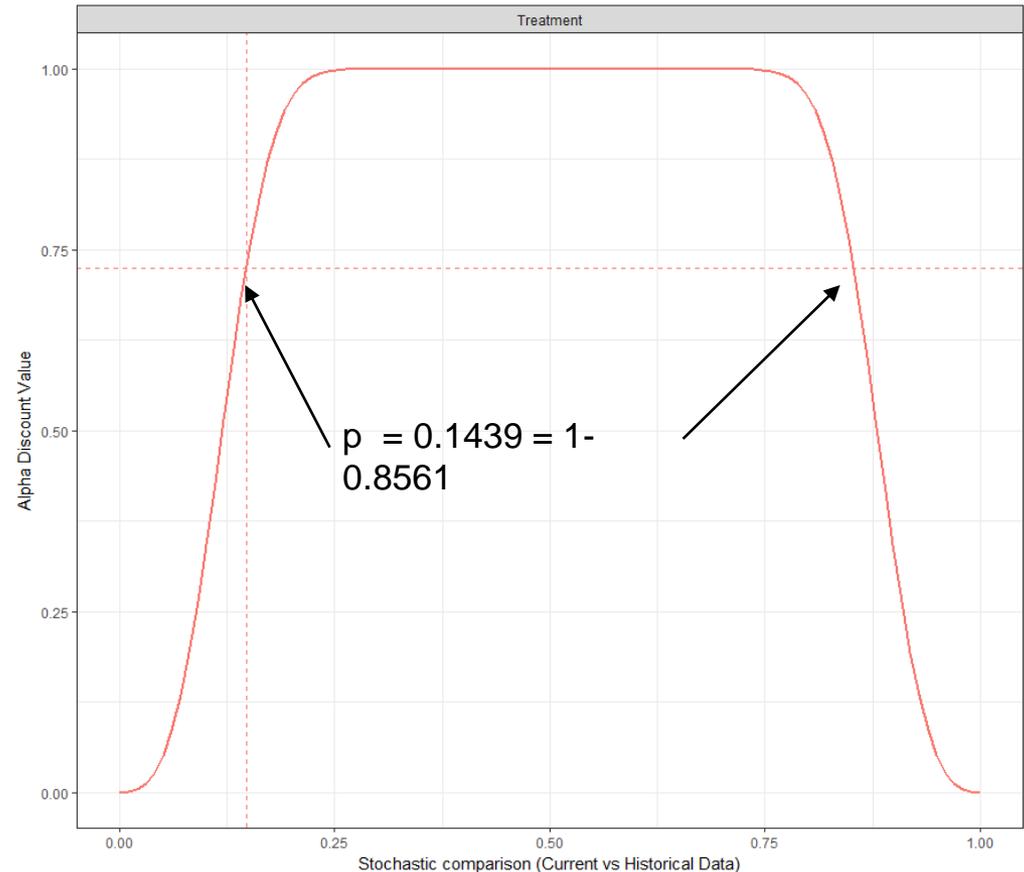
# Single-Arm: Binomial Count Endpoint

Similar event rates between current and historical data (cont'd)

```
> plot(fit, type="discount")
```

Discount function details:

- Weibull CDF
  - Shape = 3
  - Scale = 0.135
  - Symmetric around 0.5



# Single-Arm: Binomial Count Endpoint

Similar event rates between current and historical data

- Fix max weight (alpha) at 0.1 → give 10% weight to the historical data

```
### Estimate model via bayesDP using defaults
fit <- bdpbinomial(y_t = 8, N_t = 200,
                  y0_t = 28, N0_t = 450,
                  alpha_max = 0.1,
                  fix_alpha = TRUE)
```

# Single-Arm: Binomial Count Endpoint

Similar event rates between current and historical data (cont'd)

- Fix max weight (alpha) at 0.1

```
> summary(fit)
```

```
One-armed bdp binomial
```

```
Current treatment data: 8 and 200
```

```
Historical treatment data: 28 and 450
```

```
Stochastic comparison (p_hat) - treatment (current vs. historical data): 0.8561
```

```
Discount function value (alpha) - treatment: 0.1
```

```
95 percent confidence interval:
```

```
0.0244 0.0768
```

```
augmented sample estimate:
```

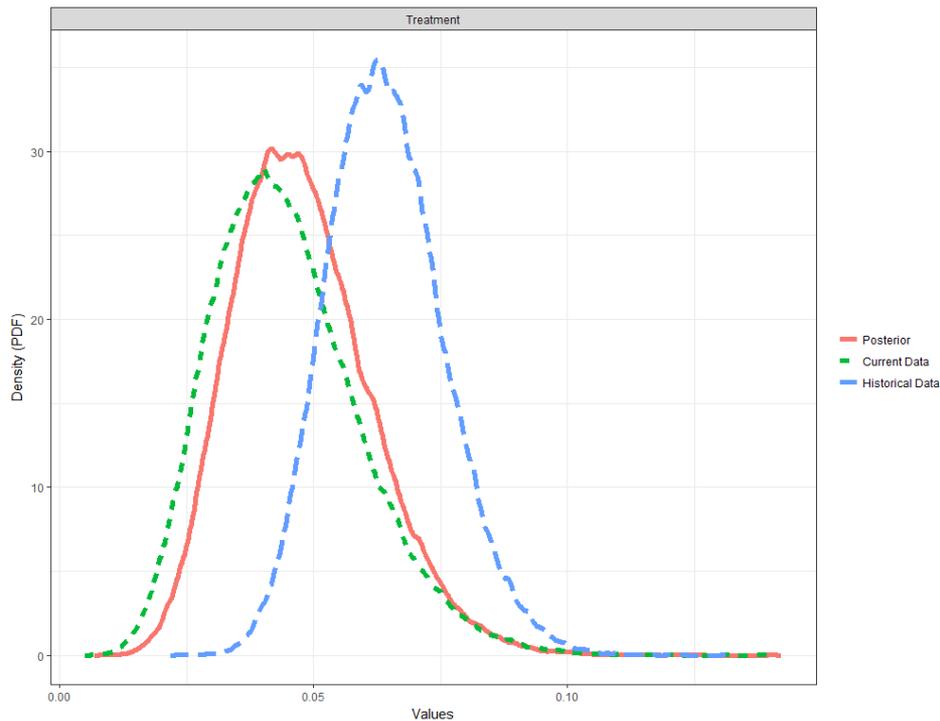
```
probability of success
```

```
0.0462
```

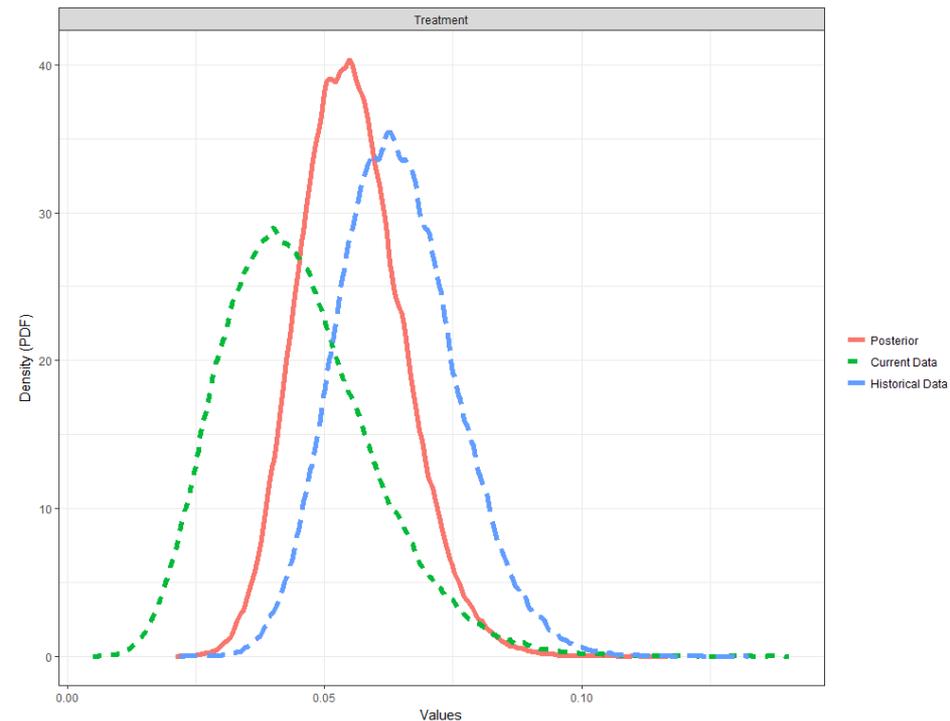
# Single-Arm: Binomial Count Endpoint

Similar event rates between current and historical data (cont'd)

$\alpha = 0.1$



$\alpha = 0.7021$



# Two-Arm: Normal Mean Endpoint

Different means for current and historical treatment data, similar means for current and historical control data

- Historical treatment: mean = 50, sd = 5, N = 250
- Historical control: mean = 55, sd = 5, N = 250
- Current treatment: mean = 45, sd = 5, N = 250
- Current control: mean = 55, sd = 5, N = 250

```
### Estimate model via bayesDP using defaults
fit <- bdpnormal(mu_t = 45, sigma_t = 5, N_t = 250,
                 mu0_t = 50, sigma0_t = 5, N0_t = 250,
                 mu_c = 55, sigma_c = 5, N_c = 250,
                 mu0_c = 55, sigma0_c = 5, N0_c = 250)
```

# Two-Arm: Normal Mean Endpoint

Different means for current and historical treatment data, similar means for current and historical control data (cont'd)

```
> summary(fit)
```

```
Two-armed bdp normal
```

```
data:
```

```
Current treatment: mu_t = 45, sigma_t = 5, N_t = 250
```

```
Current control: mu_c = 55, sigma_c = 5, N_c = 250
```

```
Historical treatment: mu0_t = 50, sigma0_t = 5, N0_t = 250
```

```
Historical control: mu0_c = 55, sigma0_c = 5, N0_c = 250
```

```
Stochastic comparison (p_hat) - treatment (current vs. historical data): 0
```

```
Stochastic comparison (p_hat) - control (current vs. historical data): 0.4961
```

```
Discount function value (alpha) - treatment: 0
```

```
Discount function value (alpha) - control: 1
```

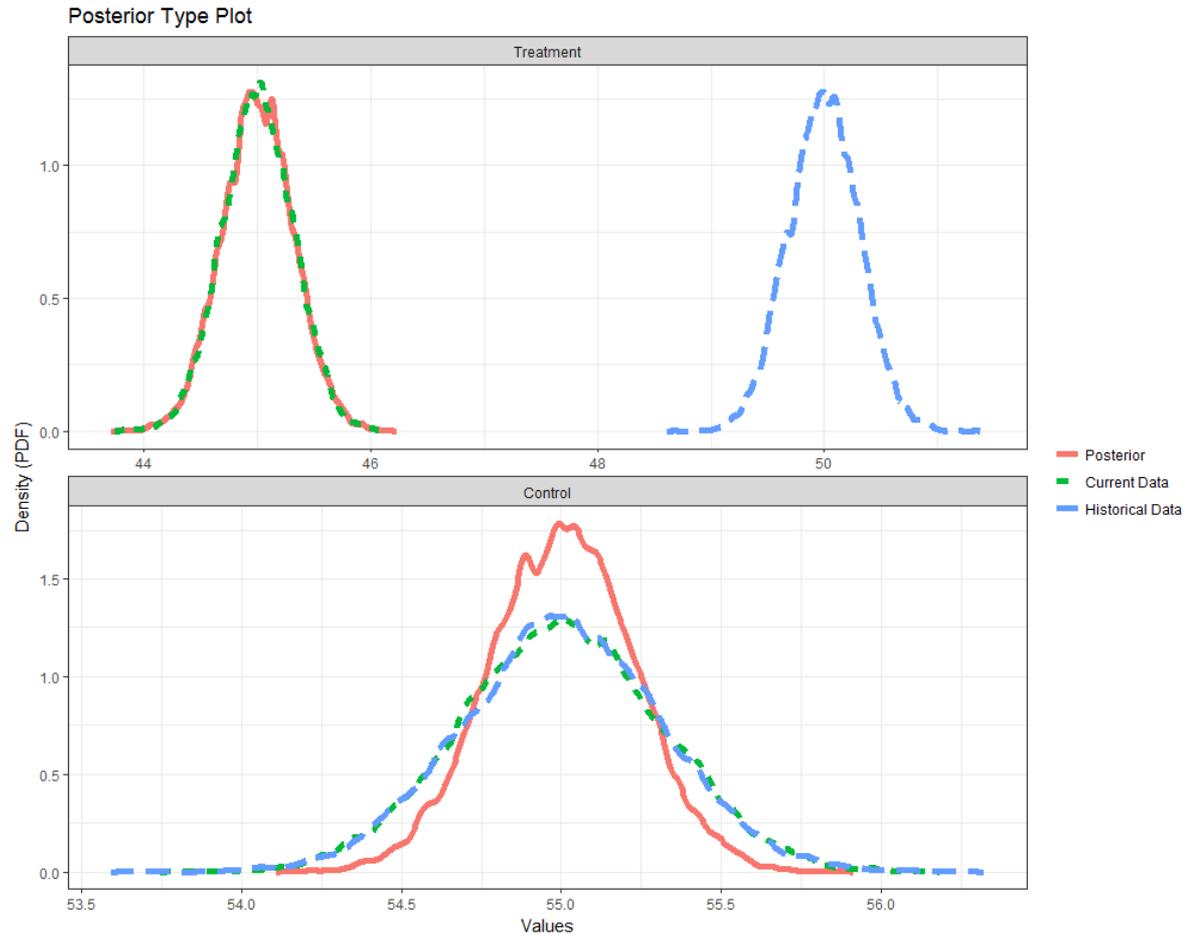
```
95 percent confidence interval: -10.7757 -9.2469
```

```
augmented sample estimates:
```

treatment group	control group
45.00	55.00

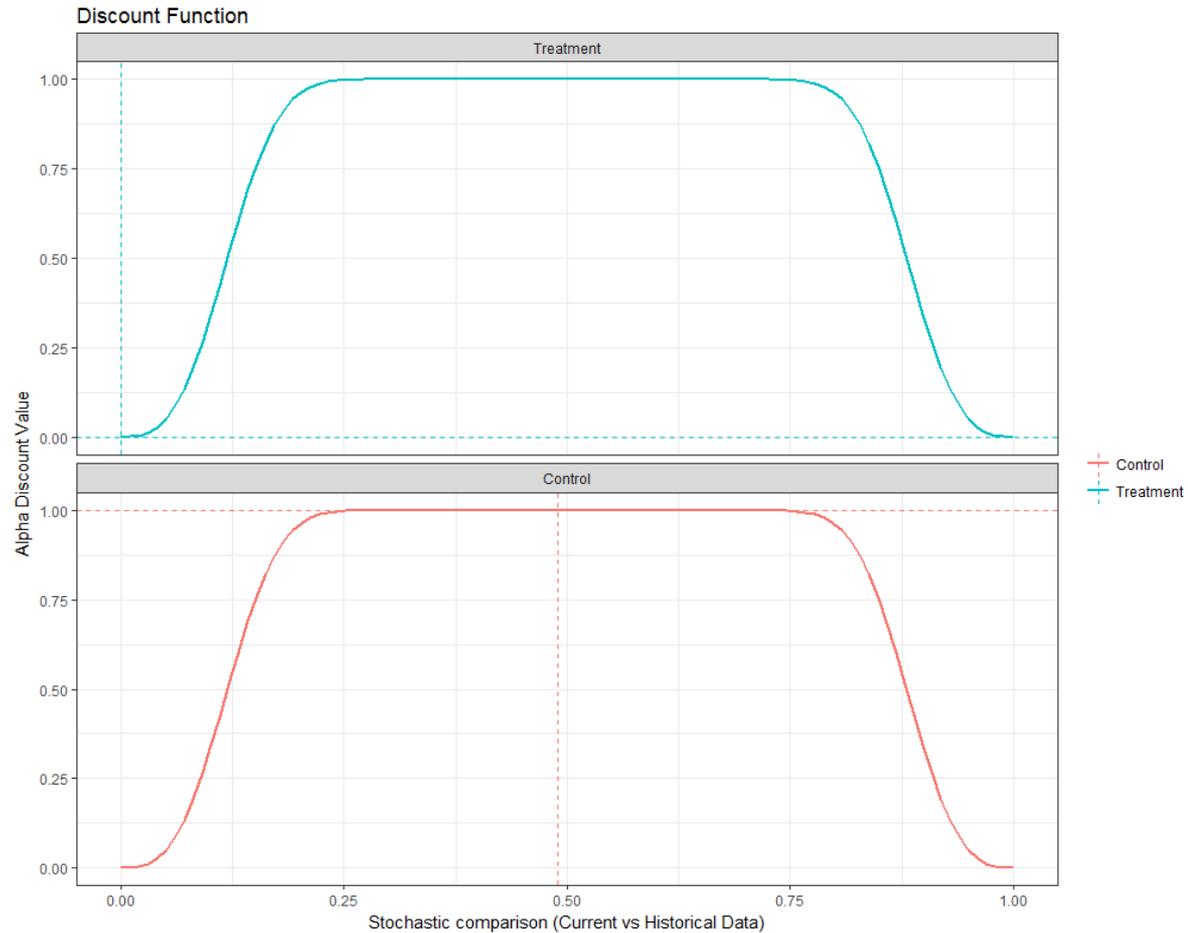
# Two-Arm: Normal Mean Endpoint

```
plot(fit,  
     type="posteriors")
```



# Two-Arm: Normal Mean Endpoint

```
plot(fit,  
     type="discount")
```



# Single-Arm: Survival Endpoint

Different hazard rates for current and historical

- Historical treatment: hazard rate of 1/15
- Current treatment: hazard rate of 1/15
  - For this example, assume no censoring
- Interest lies in estimating the probability of survival at 10 years
  - Data simulated from exponential distributions; true 10 year survivals:
    - Historical treatment: 0.37
    - Current treatment: 0.51

time	status	treatment	historical
0.5	1	1	0
1.04	1	1	1
8.34	1	1	1
1.66	1	1	1
3.19	1	1	0

```
### Estimate model via bayesDP using defaults
fit <- bdpsurvival(
  Surv(time, status) ~ treatment + historical,
  data      = data_1arm,
  surv_time = 10)
```

# Single-Arm: Survival Endpoint

Different hazard rates for current and historical treatment data

```
> summary(fit)
```

```
One-armed bdp survival
```

```
Stochastic comparison (p_hat) - treatment (current vs. historical): 0.108
```

```
Discount function value (alpha) - treatment: 0.40
```

```
Current treatment - augmented posterior summary:
```

time	n.risk	n.event	survival	std.err	lower 95% CI	upper 95% CI
0.4322	50	1	0.9771	0.0067	0.9616	0.9877
0.4324	49	1	0.9771	0.0067	0.9616	0.9877
0.5729	48	1	0.9698	0.0088	0.9495	0.9837
0.8571	47	1	0.9551	0.0129	0.9254	0.9758
1.4422	46	1	0.9257	0.0210	0.8776	0.9596
2.9751	45	1	0.8527	0.0397	0.7639	0.9184

```
...
```

# Single-Arm: Survival Endpoint

Different hazard rates for current and historical treatment data

```
> print(fit)

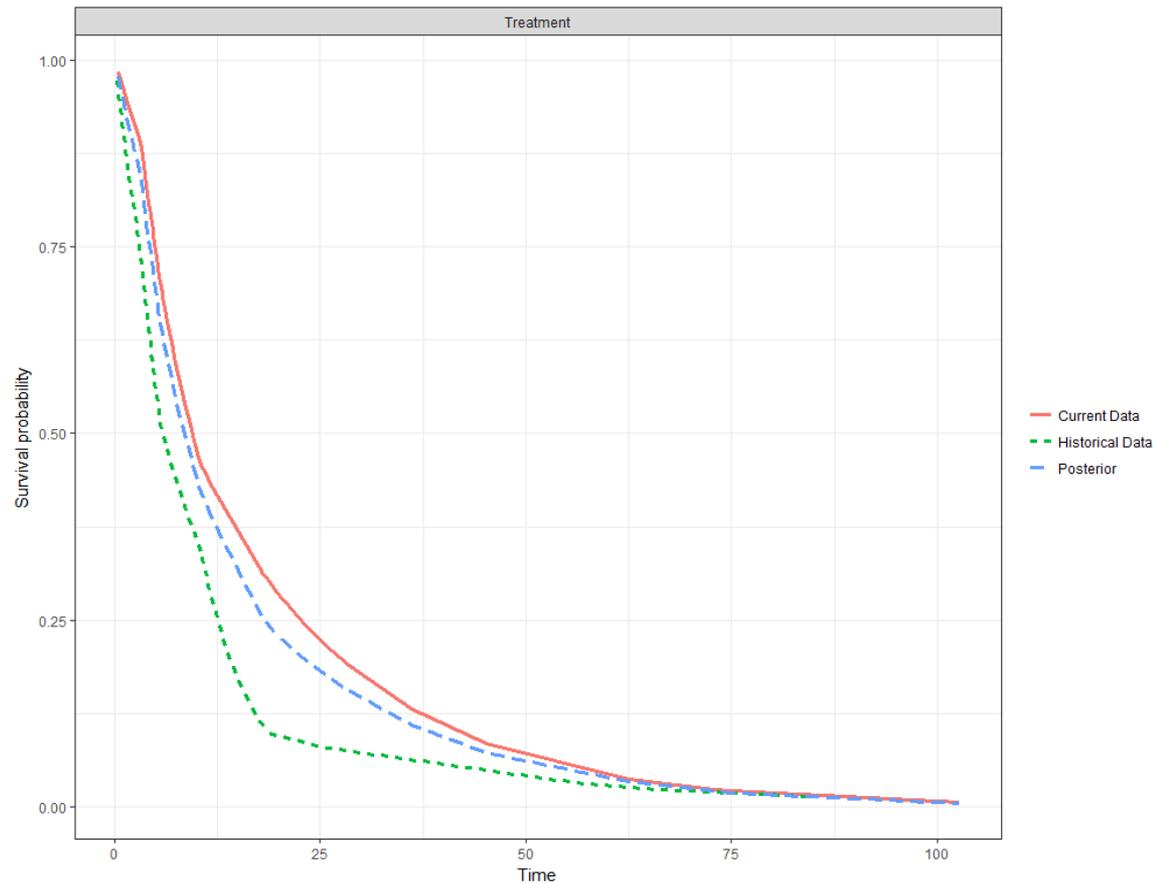
One-armed bdp survival

n events surv_time median lower 95% CI upper 95% CI
50      50         10   0.441   0.3321   0.5542
```

# Single-Arm: Survival Endpoint

Different hazard rates for current and historical treatment data

```
> plot(fit,  
      type = "survival")
```



# Single-Arm: Survival Endpoint

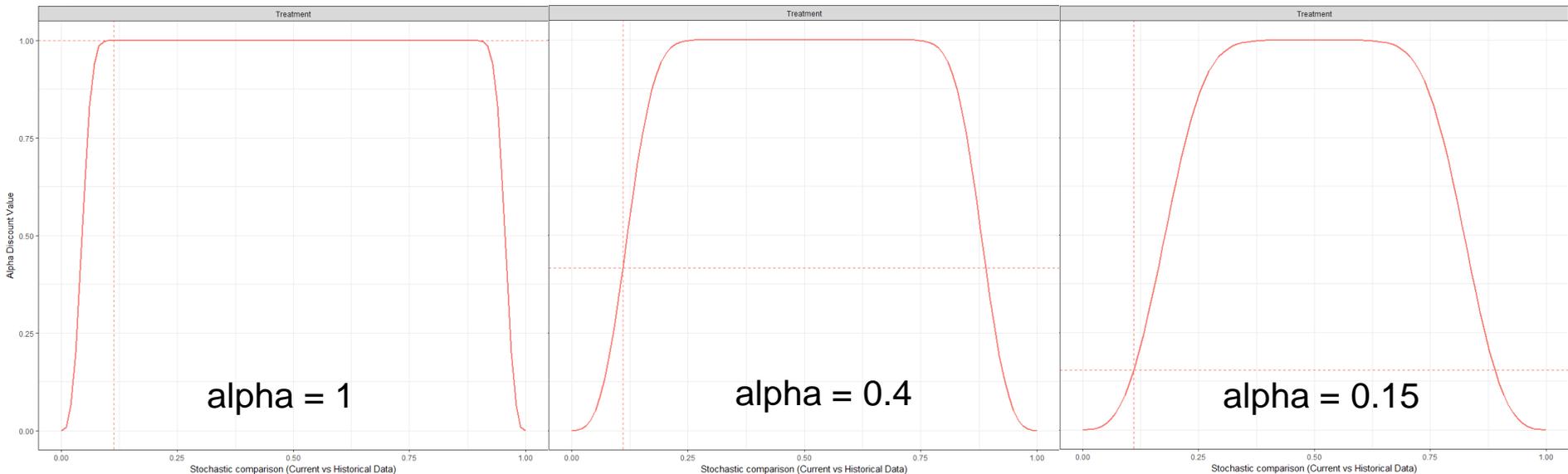
Different hazard rates for current and historical treatment data

- Change the shape of the discount function

```
bdpsurvival(...  
  weibull_shape = 3,  
  weibull_scale = 0.05)
```

```
bdpsurvival(...  
  weibull_shape = 3,  
  weibull_scale = 0.135)
```

```
bdpsurvival(...  
  weibull_shape = 3,  
  weibull_scale = 0.2)
```



$\hat{p} = 0.108$

# Two-Arm: Survival Endpoint

Different hazard rates  
control only

## Reminder:

- Historical treatment: hazard rate of 1/10
- Current treatment: hazard rate of 1/15

Current

- Same treatment data
- Current control: hazard rate of 1/12
  - Again, assume no censoring
- Interest lies in the hazard ratio comparing treatment and control

```
### Estimate model via bayesDP using defaults
fit <- bdpsurvival(
  Surv(time, status) ~ treatment + historical,
  data      = data_2arm)
```

# Two-Arm: Survival Endpoint

Different hazard rates for current and historical treatment data, current control only

```
> summary(fit)
```

```
Two-armed bdp survival
```

```
data:
```

```
Current treatment: n = 50, number of events = 50
```

```
Current control: n = 50, number of events = 50
```

```
Stochastic comparison (p_hat) - treatment (current vs. historical): 0.0421
```

```
Discount function value (alpha) - treatment: 0.0299
```

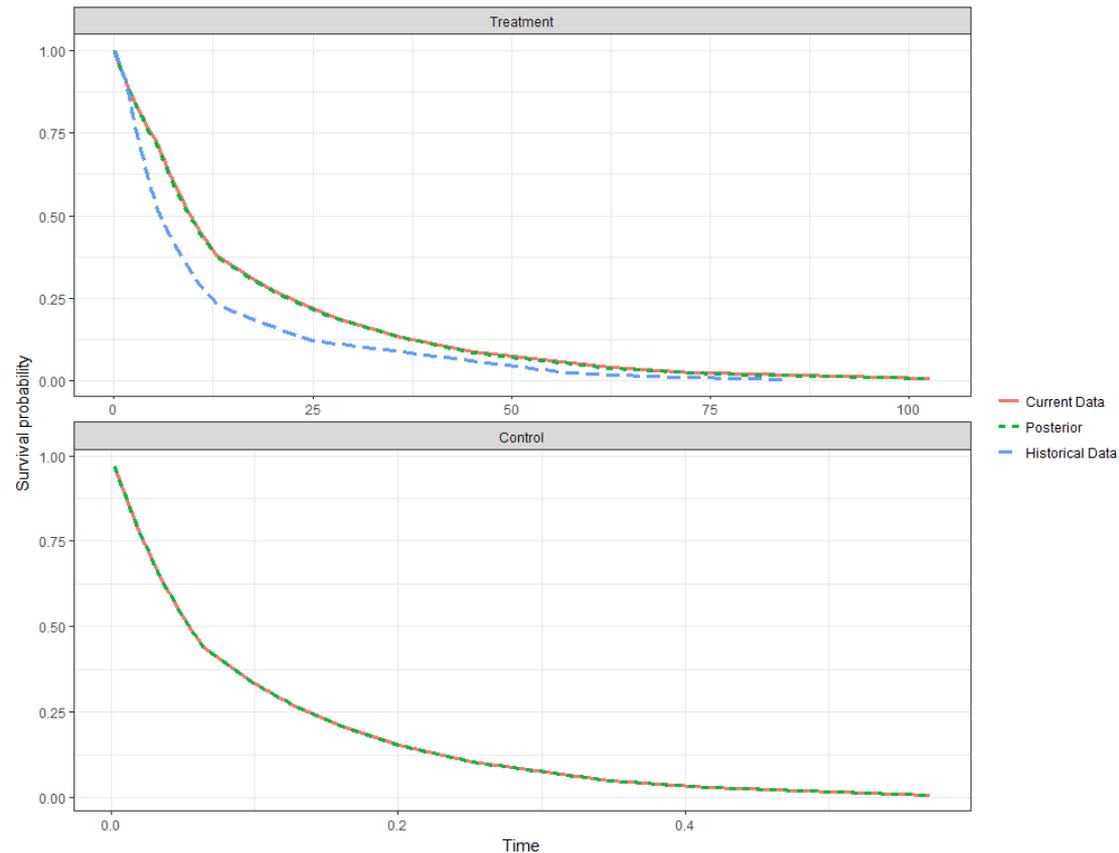
	coef	exp(coef)	se(coef)	lower 95% CI	upper 95% CI
treatment	-4.692	0.0092	0.5125	-5.7784	-3.7525

↖ Log-hazard rate comparing  
treatment and control

# Two-Arm: Survival Endpoint

Different hazard rates for current and historical treatment data, current control only

```
> plot(fit,  
      type = "survival")
```





# Coming Soon...

Additional models to be implemented:

- Negative binomial
- Regression
  - Linear
  - Logistic
  - Cox
- Further suggestions??



# Contact Information

## Contact info:

- Stats/technical questions: [donald.r.musgrove@medtronic.com](mailto:donald.r.musgrove@medtronic.com)
- Coding questions: [sbalcome@mdic.org](mailto:sbalcome@mdic.org)

CRAN homepage: <http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/bayesDP/index.html>

## Getting help:

- Vignettes available at the CRAN homepage

Formal bug reporting: <http://github.com/balcomes/bayesDP>